

620-619 Representation Theory Lecturer: <u>Arun Ram</u>

2009 Semester I

University of Melbourne Mathematics Department

Homework Due 7 April 2009

1. Classify and construct the finite dimensional simple modules for $U_q \mathfrak{sl}_2$, where $U_q \mathfrak{sl}_2$ is the algebra generated by $E, F, K^{\pm 1}$, with relations

$$KEK^{-1} = q^{2}E, \quad KFK^{-1} = q^{-2}F, \text{ and } EF - FE = \frac{K - K^{-1}}{q - q^{-1}}.$$

- 2. Define the symmetric group (via permutations).
- 3. Show that S_k is generated by s_1, \dots, s_{k-1} with relations $s_i^2 = 1, \quad s_i s_{i+1} s_i = s_{i+1} s_i s_{i+1}, \quad \text{and} \quad s_i s_j = s_j s_i \text{ for } j \neq i, i \pm 1.$
- 4. In the group algebra of the symmetric group $\mathbb{C}S_k$ define

$$n_j = s_{1j} + s_{2j} + \dots + s_{j-1,j}$$
,

where s_{ij} is the transposition that switches *i* and *j*. Let $m_1 = 0$.

- a. Show that $m_1 + \cdots + m_k$ is an element of the center of $\mathbb{C}S_k$.
- b. Show that $m_i m_j = m_j m_i$ for all $1 \le i, j \le k$.
- 5. Construct explicitly some modules for $\mathbb{C}S_k$. which have a basis of eigenvectors for the m_i . Do this by describing, explicitly, the action of the s_i and the m_i on the basis vectors.
 - a. Be sure to prove that the modules you construct are S_k -modules (by showing that the formulas for the action satisfy the necessary relations).
 - b. Show that the modules you have constructed are irreducible.
 - c. Show that the modules you constructed are pairwise nonisomorphic.
 - d. Show that you have constructed all the irreducible S_k -modules.

6. Use the modules constructed in Problem 5 (or find an alternative method) to determine (with proof) the Bratelli diagram for the tower of algebras

$$\mathbb{C}S_1 \subseteq \mathbb{C}S_2 \subseteq \mathbb{C}S_3 \subseteq \cdots.$$